WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for creating an image model in an image identification system, the method comprising:

obtaining a raw scan of an image;

preprocessing the raw scan to obtain a

monochrome image;

creating a wire frame image based on the monochrome image; and

locating and qualifying a plurality of distinguishing characteristics of the wire frame image.

- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising: generating a slope table based on the monochrome image.
- 3. The method of claim 2, further comprising:
 generating a statistical representation; and
 accessing and using the statistical
 representation to determine quality
 classifications based on the raw scan
 image.
- 4. The method of claim 3, further comprising:
 accessing and using the statistical
 representation to determine additional
 classifications based on brightness levels
 within the raw scan of the image.
- 5. The method of claim 2, wherein generating said slope table comprises:

dividing the monochrome image into a plurality
 of pixel grids;

performing a contour trace through said

plurality of pixel grids and recording a

set of corresponding data in a raw slope
data table;

utilizing said set of corresponding data to calculate a slope value for each pixel grid; and

recording said slope value in the slope table.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein dividing the monochrome image into a plurality of pixel grids comprises:

dividing the monochrome image into an array of n x n pixel grids, where n > 1.

- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein obtaining a raw scan of an image comprises obtaining a raw scan of a fingerprint.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein locating and qualifying a plurality of distinguishing characteristics of the wire frame image comprises locating and qualifying a plurality of fingerprint ridge characteristics of the wire frame image.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein locating and qualifying a plurality of fingerprint ridge characteristics of the wire frame image comprises locating and qualifying a plurality of bifurcations.
- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein locating and qualifying a plurality of fingerprint ridge characteristics of the wire frame image comprises locating and qualifying a plurality of rods.

- 11. The method of claim 8, wherein locating and qualifying a plurality of fingerprint ridge characteristics of the wire frame image comprises locating and qualifying a plurality of ridge segments not used by bifurcations or rods.
- 12. The method of claim 8, wherein locating and qualifying a plurality of fingerprint ridge characteristics of the wire-frame image comprises locating and qualifying a plurality of vector segments associated with a plurality of bifurcations and a plurality of rods.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the raw scan includes an aspect ratio and preprocessing the raw scan to obtain a monochrome image comprises:

creating a corrected raw scan by modifying the aspect ratio to a target value; and creating an intermediate image by selecting a pixel value for each pixel in the intermediate image based on an averaging of a corresponding pixel array taken from the corrected raw scan.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

creating an enhanced image by scanning the intermediate image for a plurality of edges and emphasizing said plurality of edges.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

reducing said enhanced image to a monochrome image.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

producing a filled monochrome image by locating and filling a plurality of irregularities in the monochrome image.

17. The method of claim 16, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

creating a set of image data element points by recording identification information pertaining to the plurality of irregularities.

- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the identification information includes values pertaining to a location of each irregularity and a slope value of a ridge that each irregularity resides on.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the identification information further includes values pertaining to a size measurement of each irregularity.
- 20. The method of claim 16, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

completing the monochrome image by adding and removing pixels to a plurality of edges located within the filled monochrome image.

21. The method of claim 13, wherein modifying the aspect ratio to a target value comprises modifying the aspect ratio to approximately 1 to 1.

22. The method of claim 13, wherein the corresponding pixel array taken from the corrected raw scan is an $n \times n$ pixel array, where n > 1, and said averaging comprises:

averaging the n x n pixel array to produce a single pixel value to be incorporated into the intermediate image.

23. The method of claim 1, wherein the monochrome image includes a plurality of edges and creating a wire frame image comprises:

identifying a plurality of pixels in the

monochrome image that form the approximate

center of said plurality of edges; and

creating a thinned version of the monochrome

image by thinning the plurality of edges to

said plurality of pixels that form the

approximate center of the plurality of

edges, wherein thinning converts the

plurality of edges into a plurality of wire

frame lines.

24. The method of claim 23, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

removing excess pixels from said plurality of wire frame lines.

25. The method of claim 24, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

creating a refined set of wire frame lines by identifying and eliminating a plurality of

inconsistent branches from said plurality of wire frame lines.

26. The method of claim 25, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

removing excess pixels from the set of refined wire frame lines.

27. The method of claim 26, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

creating a further refined set of wire frame
lines by identifying and eliminating a
plurality of inconsistent branches from
said plurality of refined wire frame lines,
said further refined set of wire frame
lines having a plurality of end-points.

28. The method of claim 27, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

identifying and joining a plurality of end-point pairs that demonstrate a continuous data pattern.

29. The method of claim 26, further comprising:
creating an end-point table and a center-point
table by scanning the wire frame lines
contained in the thinned version of the
monochrome image and identifying a
plurality of end-points and a plurality of
center-points, wherein a coordinate
identification is placed in said end-point
table for each of the plurality of endpoints and a coordinate identification is

placed in said center-point table for each of the plurality of center points.

30. The method of claim 29, wherein eliminating said plurality of inconsistent branches from said plurality of wire frame lines comprises:

eliminating a plurality of pixels that correspond to a particular plurality of branches that extend from the wire frame lines and demonstrate a first data pattern.

31. The method of claim 30, wherein eliminating a plurality of pixels that correspond to a particular plurality of branches that extend from the wire frame lines and demonstrate a first data pattern comprises:

eliminating a plurality of pixels that correspond to a particular plurality of branches that extend from the wire frame lines and demonstrate a first data pattern that includes data elements from said endpoint table and from a slope table.

- 32. The method of claim 29, further comprising:
 re-computing the end-point table and centerpoint table after removing excess pixels
 from the set of wire frame lines.
- 33. The method of claim 29, wherein eliminating said plurality of inconsistent branches from said plurality of refined wire frame lines comprises:

eliminating a plurality of pixels that

correspond to a particular plurality of

branches that extend from the refined wire

frame lines and demonstrate a second data pattern.

- 34. The method of claim 33, wherein eliminating a plurality of pixels that correspond to a particular plurality of branches that extend from the refined wire frame lines and demonstrate a second data pattern comprises:
 - eliminating a plurality of pixels that

 correspond to a particular plurality of

 branches that extend from the refined wire

 frame lines and demonstrate a second data

 pattern that includes data elements from

 said end-point table, said center-point

 table and from a slope table.
- 35. The method of claim 29, further comprising:
 re-computing the end-point table and centerpoint table after removing excess pixels
 from the set of refined wire frame lines.
- 36. The method of claim 29, wherein identifying and joining a plurality of end-point pairs that demonstrate a continuous data pattern comprises:
 - identifying and joining a plurality of end-point pairs that demonstrate a continuous data pattern that includes data elements from said end-point table and from a slope table.
- 37. The method of claim 29, further comprising recomputing the end-point table and the center-point

table after identifying and joining said plurality of end-point pairs.

38. A method for preprocessing a raw scan image in an image identification system, the method comprising:

obtaining a raw scan of an image, wherein the raw scan includes an aspect ratio; creating a corrected raw scan by modifying the aspect ratio to a target value; and creating an intermediate image by selecting a pixel value for each pixel in the intermediate image based on an averaging of a corresponding pixel array taken from the corrected raw scan.

39. The method of claim 38, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

creating an enhanced image by scanning the intermediate image for a plurality of edges and emphasizing said plurality of edges.

40. The method of claim 39, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

reducing said enhanced image to a monochrome image.

41. The method of claim 40, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

producing a filled monochrome image by locating and filling a plurality of irregularities in the monochrome image.

42. The method of claim 41, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

creating a set of image data element points by recording identification information pertaining to the plurality of irregularities.

- 43. The method of claim 42, wherein the identification information includes values pertaining to a location of each irregularity and a slope value of a ridge that each irregularity resides on.
- 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the identification information further includes values pertaining to a size measurement of each irregularity.
- 45. The method of claim 41, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

completing the monochrome image by adding and removing pixels to a plurality of edges located within the filled monochrome image.

- 46. The method of claim 38, wherein modifying the aspect ratio to a target value comprises modifying the aspect ratio to approximately 1 to 1.
- 47. The method of claim 38, wherein the corresponding pixel array taken from the corrected raw scan is an n x n pixel array, where n > 1, and said averaging comprises:

averaging the n x n pixel array to produce a single pixel value to be incorporated into the intermediate image.

- 48. A method for creating a wire frame image in an image identification system, the method comprising:
 - obtaining an image scan that includes a plurality of edges;
 - identifying a plurality of pixels in the image scan that form the approximate center of said plurality of edges; and
 - creating a thinned version of the monochrome image by thinning the plurality of edges to said plurality of pixels that form the approximate center of the plurality of edges, wherein thinning converts the plurality of edges into a plurality of wire frame lines.
- 49. The method of claim 48, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:
 - removing excess pixels from said plurality of wire frame lines.
- 50. The method of claim 49, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:
 - creating a refined set of wire frame lines by identifying and eliminating a plurality of inconsistent branches from said plurality of wire frame lines.
- 51. The method of claim 50, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:
 - removing excess pixels from the set of refined wire frame lines.

52. The method of claim 51, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

creating a further refined set of wire frame
lines by identifying and eliminating a
plurality of inconsistent branches from
said plurality of refined wire frame lines,
said further refined set of wire frame
lines having a plurality of end-points.

53. The method of claim 52, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

identifying and joining a plurality of end-point
 pairs that demonstrate a continuous data
 pattern.

- 54. The method of claim 53, further comprising:

 creating an end-point table and a center-point

 table by scanning the wire frame lines

 contained in the thinned version of the

 monochrome image and identifying a

 plurality of end-points and a plurality of

 center-points, wherein a coordinate

 identification is placed in said end-point

 table for each of the plurality of end
 points and a coordinate identification is

 placed in said center-point table for each

 of the plurality of center points.
- 55. The method of claim 54, wherein eliminating said plurality of inconsistent branches from said plurality of wire frame lines comprises:

eliminating a plurality of pixels that

correspond to a particular plurality of

branches that extend from the wire frame

lines and demonstrate a first data pattern.

56. The method of claim 55, wherein eliminating a plurality of pixels that correspond to a particular plurality of branches that extend from the wire frame lines and demonstrate a first data pattern comprises:

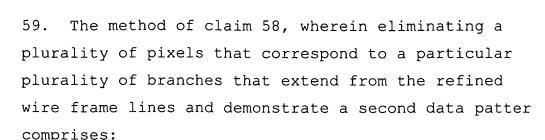
eliminating a plurality of pixels that correspond to a particular plurality of branches that extend from the wire frame lines and demonstrate a first data pattern that includes data elements from said endpoint table and from a slope table.

57. The method of claim 54, wherein creating a wire frame image further comprises:

re-computing the end-point table and centerpoint table after removing excess pixels from the set of wire frame lines.

58. The method of claim 54, wherein eliminating said plurality of inconsistent branches from said plurality of refined wire frame lines comprises:

eliminating a plurality of pixels that correspond to a particular plurality of branches that extend from the refined wire frame lines and demonstrate a second data pattern.



- eliminating a plurality of pixels that
 correspond to a particular plurality of
 branches that extend from the refined wire
 frame lines and demonstrate a second data
 pattern that includes data elements from
 said end-point table, said center-point
 table and from a slope table.
- 60. The method of claim 54, further comprising:
 re-computing the end-point table and centerpoint table after removing excess pixels
 from the set of refined wire frame lines.
- 61. The method of claim 54, wherein identifying and joining a plurality of end-point pairs that demonstrate a continuous data pattern comprises:
 - identifying and joining a plurality of end-point pairs that demonstrate a continuous data pattern that includes data elements from said end-point table and from a slope table.
- 62. The method of claim 54, further comprising:
 re-computing the end-point table and the centerpoint table after identifying and joining
 said plurality of end-point pairs.